THE

HITLER

PHOTOGRAPHS

Compiled by

Campbell M Gold

(2010)

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Adolf Hitler's Parents



12 Aug 1860 - 21 Dec 1907
Adolf Hitler's mother, Klara Pölzl, as a young woman.
Klara died from iodoform poisoning from the treatment of breast cancer, aged 47, in Linz, Austria



07 Jun 1837 - 03 Jan 1903
Adolf Hitler's Father, Alois Schickelgruber,
who changed his name, in 1877, to "Hitler".
Alois died, at age 65, from a pleural hemorrhage while at his local inn

--(1889 - 1913)--



Adolf Hitler (20 Apr 1889 - 30 Apr 1945) Infant Photo - 1 year old



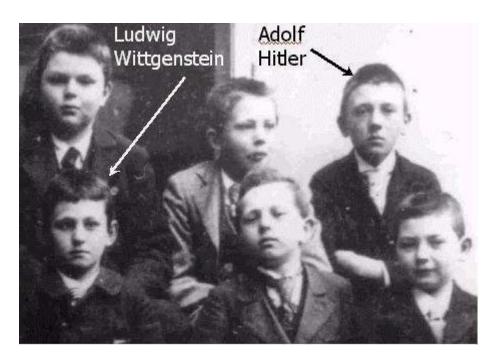
c.1895 Hitler (back row, fourth from left) and his school mates



1899 Hitler (back row, centre) and his school mates



1899 Hitler (from the above photo)



1901 Extract from class photo - Linz, Austria



Unverified and undated photograph of Hitler as a young man

--(1914 - 1920)--



August 2, 1914 Hitler among the crowd celebrating the German proclamation of war - Munich



1914 Hitler is seated at the far right



1914-1918 Hitler is seated at the far left



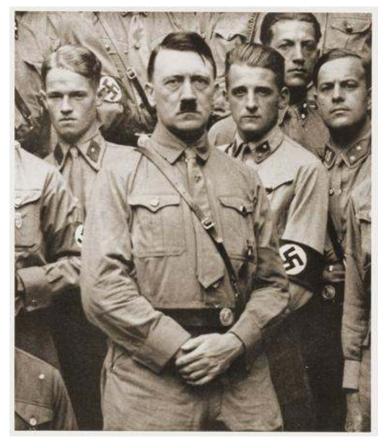
1914-1918 Hitler is at the far right

--(1921)--



c.1921 Hitler, soon after he became a Nazi in 1921

--(1922)--



1922
Hitler poses with members of the group's paramilitary organization, the *Sturmabteilung*, known by its initials, "SA"

Some commentators believe that this photo is of a later date, c.1933, or c.1934

Note:

The Sturmabteilung, Storm Division, or Battalion, abbreviated SA and usually translated as stormtroops or stormtroopers, functioned as a paramilitary organization of the Nazi Party

The SA played a key role in Hitler's rise to power during the 1920s and 1930s

SA members were often called "brown-shirts" in consequence of the color of their uniforms. It is believed that brown-colored shirts were chosen as the SA uniform because large quantities of them were cheaply available after World War I, having originally been ordered, during the war, for colonial troops posted to Germany's former African colonies

--(1923)--



1923 Portrait of Hitler



1923 Hitler dedicating flags on Mars Field in Munich

This is one of the earliest pictures of Hitler at the beginning of his political activity



c.1923 On 09 Nov 1923 - The Beer Hall *Putsch* took place. Erich Ludendorff and Adolf Hitler were the two "leaders" of the *Putsch*



1923 Hitler and other Nazi Party members

--(1924)--



1924 Defendants in the Beer Hall Putsch trial (Hitler is 4th from the left)



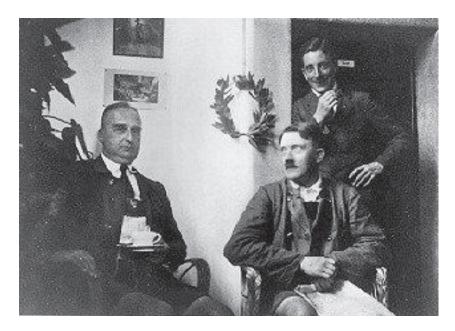
1924 Hitler in Landsberg prison



1924 Hitler in Landsberg prison



1924 Hitler, Emil Maurice, Hermann Kriebel, and Rudolf Hess Landsberg Prison



1924 Hitler in Landsberg Prison with fellow Nazis, Hermann Kriebel (left) and Emil Maurice (behind)



Dec 1924 Hitler leaving Landsberg Prison after serving nine months for his part in the failed Beer Hall putsch

--(1925)--



1925 Hitler after his release from Landsberg prison

--(1926)--



1926 Adolf Hitler (front row, fourth from left), Joseph Goebbels (front row, fifth from left), and other Nazi Party officials

--(1927)--



19-21 Aug 1927 Rudolf Hess, Adolf Hitler, and Julius Streicher, outside the third Nazi Party Congress, Nuremberg



1927 Nuremberg Rally

--(1928)--

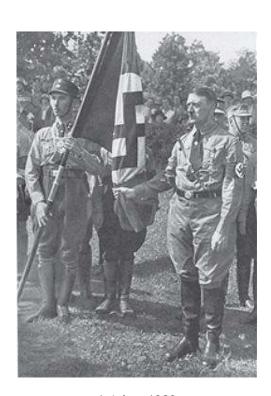


1928 Hitler standing behind Hermann Göring Nazi rally - Nuremberg

--(1929)--



1929 Munich



1-4 Aug 1929 Hitler holding the "Blood Flag" from the Beer Hall Putsch of 1923 at the fourth Nazi Party Congress, Nuremburg

--(1930)--



Early 1930s

Julius Streicher having a book signed by Adolf Hitler



1930 Adolf Hitler with supporters - Munich Some commentators suggest that this photo was taken in 1935



22 June 1930 Post card showing Nazi leaders (Hitler, centre front), location - Bad Elster



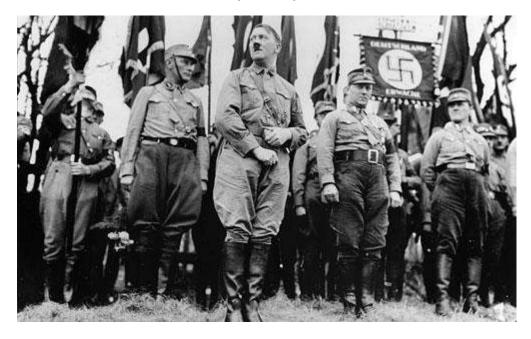
1930 Hitler following a successful election



Bundesarchiv, Bild 119-0289 Foto: o.Ang. | 1930 Ende

Dec 1930 Hitler (centre) and the NSDAP, Munich

--(1931)--



1931 Hitler leads an SA unit in a Nazi Party parade, Weimar

--(1932)--



1932 Putzi Hanfstaengl (far left), Adolf Hitler, and his team, campaigning for the Presidency



1932 Putzi Hanfstaengl, Hitler, and Goering

--(1933)--



01 Jan 1933 President Paul von Hindenburg (Left) with chancellor of the Reich, Adolf Hitler. Hitler became Chancellor of Germany in January 1933



30 Jan 1933 Hitler, at a window of the Reich's Chancellory, receives an ovation from supporters in his first day in office as Chancellor



30 Jan 1933 Reich Chancellor Hitler with his Cabinet



30 Jan 1933 Hitler's cabinet, Berlin, German. Front row: Göring, Hitler, Papen; back row: Krosigk, Frck, Blomberg, Hugenberg



Feb 1933 Hitler salutes his followers at a Nazi Party rally soon after his appointment as Chancellor



Mar 1933 Hitler casts his vote at a Berlin polling station, in a schoolroom



01 May 1933 Hitler and Papen at Lustgarten, Berlin, Germany



Aug 1933 Hitler and Ernst Julius Röhm (28 Nov 1887 - 2 Jul 1934) (Röhm was the SA Commander (1931–1934))

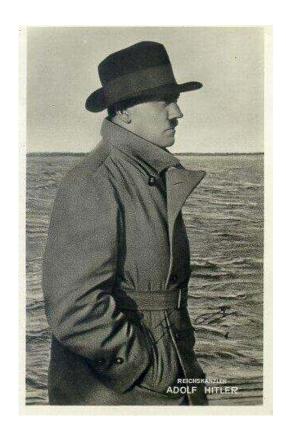


12 Nov 1933 Hitler at the Siemens factory in Berlin - the day before the elections



1933 Hitler in his office at the Old Reich Chancellery

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1933 Hitler - Munich

--(1934)--



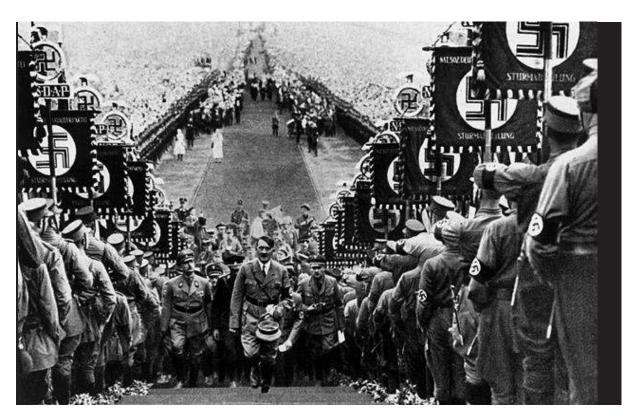
1934 Hitler and Hindenburg



14-16 Jun 1934 Hitler and Mussolini in Venice, Italy



1934 The Windsors and Adolf Hitler



1934 Buckeberg Rally



01 Sep 1934 Nazi Party Day, Nuremberg, Adolf Hitler is centre foreground



4-10 Sep 1934
Hitler Greets Reich Bishop Ludwig Müller and Abbott Albanus Schachleitner as Honorary Guests at the "Reich Party Rally for Unity and Strength"

Note: State suppression of the Christian churches was institutionalised with the founding of the Ministry of Church Affairs in July 1935



1934 Portrait of Adolf Hitler by Heinrich Hoffmann

--(1935)--



Jan 1935 (Photo by Heinrich Hoffmann)



25 May 1935 Hitler looks out the window of a train



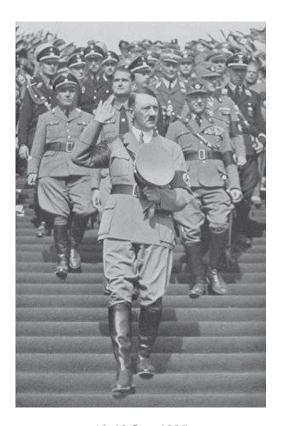
Aug 1935 Hitler at Rosenheim



10 Sept 1935 Hitler opens *Reichsparteitag* (Reich Party Day) ceremonies with an address at the town hall in Nuremberg



10- 16 Sep 1935 Hitler salutes the crowd assembled in the Zeppelinfeld at *Reichsparteitag* (Reich Party Day) ceremonies in Nuremberg



10-16 Sep 1935

Hitler walks down the steps to the Zeppelinfeld during *Reichsparteitag* (Reich Party Day) ceremonies in Nuremberg.

Behind him stands Robert Ley (left), Rudolf Hess (center), and Heinrich Himmler (behind Hess).



Nov 1935 Hitler in Nuremberg

--(1936)--



1936 Portrait of Adolf Hitler by Heinrich Hoffmann



06 Feb 1936 German civilians greeting Hitler at the opening ceremony of the IV Winter Olympic Games, Garmisch-Partenkirchen, Bavaria, Germany



6 Feb 1936 Hitler saluting the athletes from balcony of the Olympic House during opening ceremony of the IV Olympic Winter Games, Garmisch-Partenkirchen, Bavaria, Germany



21 Mar 1936 Ernst Gall, Adolf Hitler, Albert Speer



Apr 1936 Lieutenant General Erhard Milch, General Hermann Göring, Chancellor Adolf Hitler, and SA Chief of Staff, Viktor Lutze, at the formation of Luftwaffe JG 134 "Horst Wessel" squadron



07 Jun 1936 Former British Prime Minister David Lloyd George and Hitler at Obersalzberg, Berchtesgaden, Bavaria, Germany



01-16 Aug 1936 Hitler at the Games of the XI Olympiad



1936 Mussolini and Hitler



1936 Hjalmar Schacht (3rd from left) and Hitler

--(1937)--



1937 Adolf Hitler



01 Jun 1937 Joseph Goebbels, Leni Riefenstahl (German filmmaker) and Adolf Hitler, at Riefenstahl's new home - Dahlem, Germany



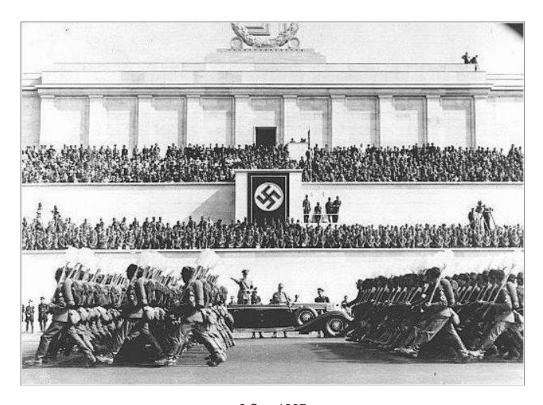
01 Jun 1937 Leni Riefenstahl (Centre) sitting around table on terrace of her new home. Adolf Hitler (3rd Right), Joseph Goebbels (2nd Left), Frau Dr. Ebersberg, Heinz Riefenstahl (her brother), and Hauptmann Wiedemann



1937 Hitler and British socialite, Unity Mitford



18 Jul 1937 Chancellor Hitler touring the House of German Art, Munich, Germany



8 Sep 1937 Reich Labour Service battalions parade before Hitler during the Nazi Party Congress, Nuremberg, Germany

--(1938)--



1938
Postcard with picture of Hitler



March 1938 Hitler receives an ovation in the Reichstag after he announces the annexing Austria



14 Mar 1938 Hitler entering his hometown, the small Austrian border town of Braunau am Inn, were he was born in 1889



Mar 1938 Hitler visits his mother's grave



07 Apr 1938 Hitler, West Autobahn A1, Ground-breaking ceremonies



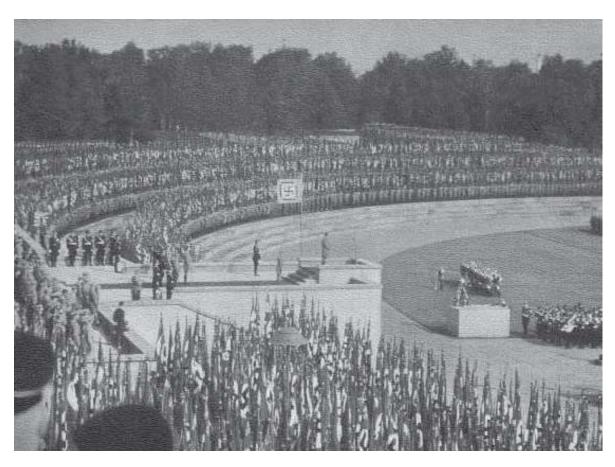
1938 Nazi officials (Hitler is 2nd from right) attend the opening ceremonies of the Party congress, Nuremberg



1938 Mussolini and Hitler - Monaco



6 Sep 1938 Hess greeting Hitler at a Nazi Party rally, Nuremberg, Germany. Also present are Bormann, Epp, Schaub, and Himmler



6-12 Sep 1938 Hitler, speaking at the Nazi Party Rally in Nuremberg, orally attacks Czechoslovakian President Benes, demanding the right of self-determination for the Sudeten Germans



28 Sep 1938 Mussolini and Hitler arriving at Munich, Germany, for the Munich Conference



29 Sep 1938 Chamberlain and Hitler



29 Sep 1938 Chamberlain, Daladier, Hitler, Mussolini, and Ciano at the Munich Conference, Germany



Sep 1938
Adolf Hitler and Heinrich Himmler review SS troops
during Reich Party Day ceremonies



October 1938
Hitler enters the German populated Sudetenland region of Czechoslovakia, which was annexed to Germany in to the Munich agreement



09 Nov 1938

Nazi Party members march in remembrance
of 1923 Beer Hall Putsch - Munich
(front, L-R) Friedrich Weber, Hermann Goering, Adolf Hitler,
unident. (Martin Bormann?), Julius Streicher;
(back, L-R) Albert Speer, Walter Schultze, Alfred Rosenberg and unidents



1938 Seyss-Inquart, Hitler, Himmler, and Heydrich Vienna, Austria



1938 - Man of the Year Award
In 1938, Time declined to give the honour to Neville Chamberlain, who had won the plaudits of the world for Munich, but saw clearly that the "Man of the Year" was Adolf Hitler

--(1939)--



Spring 1939 Hitler observes rocket engine (V2) tests at Kummersdorf



1939 Hitler addresses the Nazi party at Munich



15 Mar 1939 Czechoslovakian President Emil Hácha meeting with Adolf Hitler at Berlin



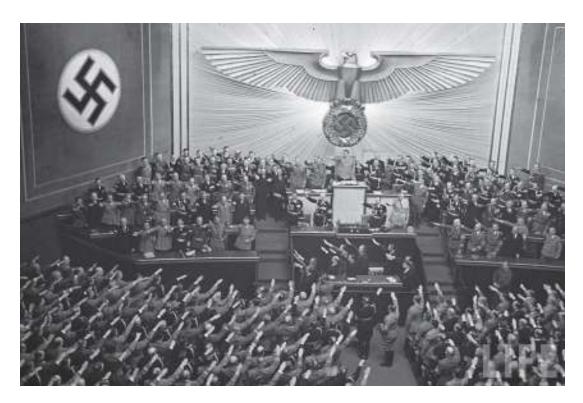
16 Mar 1939 Hitler at Prague Castle



01 Apr 1939 Hitler attends the launching of the battleship Tirpitz



20 Apr 1939 Hitler with children (sons and daughters of Nazi dignitaries) at his 50th birthday party



28 April 1939 Adolf Hitler in Reichstag following his speech answering Roosevelt's appeal to avoid war



23-24 August 1939
Josef Stalin and Joachim Ribbentrop (on behalf of Hitler)
at the signing of the Treaty of Non-Aggression



September 1939 Hitler reviews the invasion of Poland



Oct 1939 Members of the Reichstag greet Hitler after the conclusion of the Polish campaign



09 Nov 1931
The Destroyed Beer Hall after the Assassination Attempt on Hitler.
Hitler had left a few minutes earlier than planned and had escaped the blast



1939 Hitler reviews troops on the Eastern Front

--(1940)--



1940 Adolf Hitler and Eva Braun



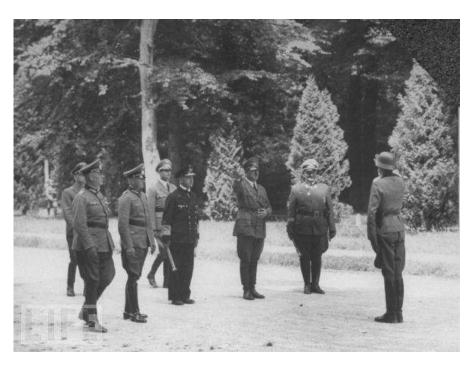
Date Unknown
A photo from Eva Braun's album showing her with
Adolf Hitler and two unknown children



Date Unknown Hitler and Eva and with Uschi (Herta Schneider's daughter)



Date Unknown (Jan 1943 ?) Adolf Hitler and Eva Braun



22 June 1940 Adolf Hitler (3rd Right) saluting soldier upon his arrival. German delegation, including Hermann Goering (2nd Right), for armistice negotiations with France



23 June 1940 Adolf Hitler in Paris with Albert Speer (left) and Arno Breker (right)



Jun 1940 Mussolini and Hitler, Munich

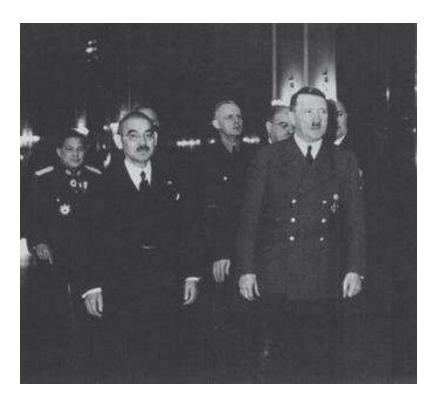


23 Oct 1940 Adolf Hitler meets Spanish leader Generalissimo Francisco Franco - Hendaye, France

--(1941)--



13 Apr 1941 Japanese Foreign Minister Matsuoka signing the Soviet-Japanese Neutrality Pact note Molotov and Stalin in background



Late Mar 1941
Japanese Foreign Minister Matsuoka and Hitler in Germany



April 1941 Hitler Visits the National Political Educational Institute [*Napola*] in Graz



July 1941



1941 The Mufti of Jerusalem and Adolf Hitler



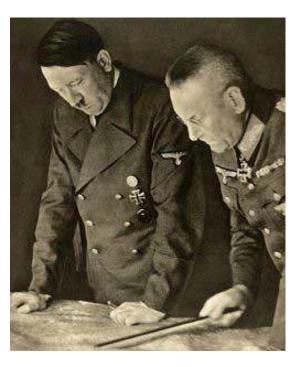
1941 Hitler inspecting naval troops



11 Dec 1941 Adolf Hitler receiving salutes from the German Reichstag, Berlin, upon declaring war on the United States -



1941 Gerd von Rundstedt, Benito Mussolini, and Adolf Hitler visiting the Eastern Front



1941
Franz von Halder briefs Hitler on the situation on the Russian Front (Halder was a General and the head of the Army General Staff from 1938 until Sep 1942)



c.1941 Hitler and Keitel in meeting with Finnish General Harald Öhquist, in Germany

--(1942)--



1942 Adolf Hitler and Baron Mannerheim (Commander-in-Chief (and later, president) of Finland)



1942 Martin Bormann and Adolf Hitler on the Berghof Terrace



1943 Hitler and Speer



1943 Hitler at the Wolf's Lair



1943 Tsar Boris III of Bulgaria with Adolf Hitler



1943 Nazi Rally



1943 Hitler and Mussolini, following Mussolini's rescue and arrival in Germany

The *Gran Sasso* raid refers to Operation *Eiche* (German for 'Oak') - this was the daring rescue of Benito Mussolini by German paratroopers, 12 September 1943. The rescue attempt was personally ordered by Adolf Hitler, planned by Major Harald Mors, and approved by General Kurt Student

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1944 Hitler inspecting bomb damage at an unidentified German location



20 Jul 1944 The destroyed 'Wolf's Lair' barracks after the July plot



20 Jul 1944 Adolf Hitler Joseph Goebbels a few hours after Hitler survived an assassination attempt by members of the German military, 20 July 1944



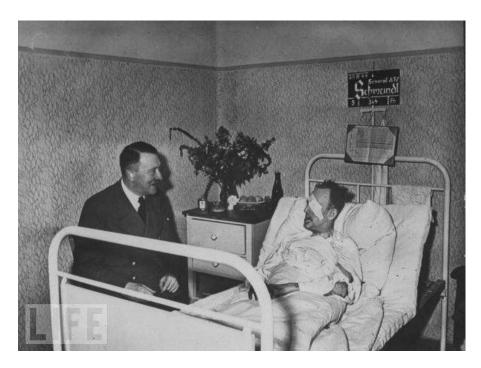
Jul 1944 (Left to Right) Hermann Goering [back to camera], Adolf Hitler, and Propaganda Minister Joseph Goebbels speaking to unidents outside Hiter's command HQ Wolfschanze shortly after a failed assassination attempt on Hitler's life, 20 Jul 1944



1944 Adolf Hitler visiting his Wehrmact historian Brig. General Walter Scherff who was seriously injured in an Army inspired assassination attempt upon Hitler's life at the Wolf's Lair, aka Wolfschanze HQ, on 20 Jul 1944



1944 Adolf Hitler visiting an officer seriously injured during an Army inspired assassination attempt upon Hitler's life at the Wolf's Lair or Wolfschanze bunker HQ on 20 July 1944



1944 Adolf Hitler visiting an adjutant seriously injured during an Army inspired assassination attempt upon Hitler's life at his Wolfschanze HQ on 20 July 1944



Aug 1944
Benito Mussolini (Left) greeting Adolf Hitler (Right), whose right arm is in a sling after he was injured during an assassination attempt at the Wolf's Lair, aka Wolfschanze HQ, on 20 Jul 1944



Oct 1944
(Left to Right) Lutwaffe chief Hermann Goering, German leader Adolf Hitler and General Heinz Guderian looking over plans for Wacht Am Rhine, the winter offensive which became known as the "Battle of the Bulge"



Late 1944 / early 1945 Hitler and Eva Braun

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--(1945)--





Eva Braun with Hitler at his Alpine retreat in the Alps near the Austrian border

Stills from a private home movie made by Eva Braun's sister

Gretl Fegelein, early to mid 1940s



20 Mar 1945 Hitler's Last Public Appearance



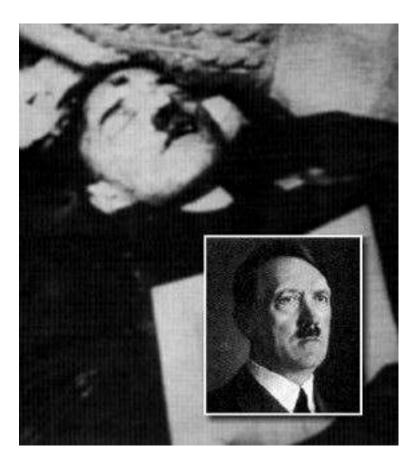
20 Mar 1945 Hitler's Last Public Appearance



20 Mar 1945 Hitler's Last Public Appearance



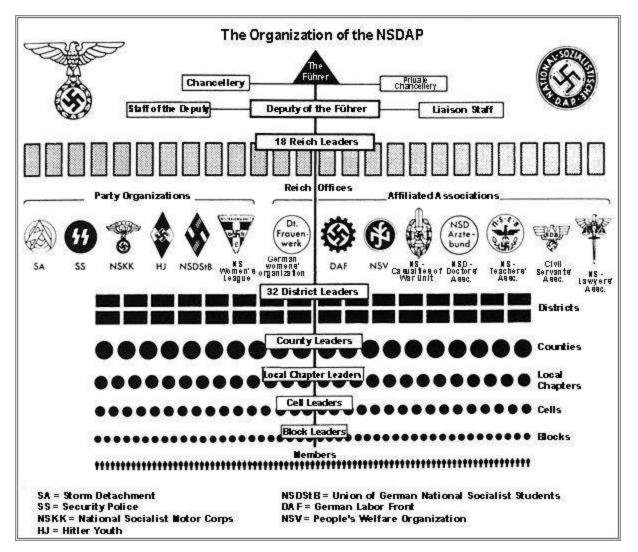
1945
The Stars and Stripes report Adolf Hitler's Death



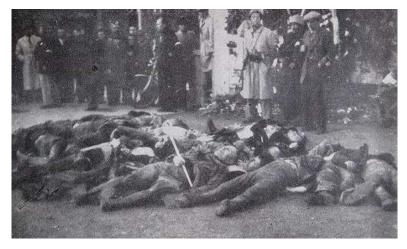
30 Apr 1945 Purported photograph of the dead Hitler

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Appendix The Organizational Structure of the NSDAP



Appendix Death of Mussolini







28 Apr 1945 Mussolini and Clara Petacci, shot by a partisan firing squad



28 Apr 1945 Mussolini (1883 - 1945) and Clara Petacci's body hung up and exposed for insult in Milan, with those of other fascists, Favolini and Teruzzi. They were caught by Italians at Donga, on Lake Como, and were tried and shot.



28 April 1945 Mussolini and Clara Petacci



28 Apr 1945 Mutilated bodies of Mussolini and his mistress, Clara Petacci, propped up against a marble wall in Milan, Italy









28 Apr 1945 Clara Petacci wounds

End

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