BODY

TEMPERATURE

Compiled by

Campbell M Gold

(2010)

CMG Archives http://campbellmgold.com

--()--

IMPORTANT

The health information contained herein is not meant as a substitute for advice from your physician, or other health professional. The following material is intended for general interest only; and it should not be used to diagnose, treat, or cure any condition whatever. If you are concerned about any health issue, symptom, or other indication, you should consult your regular physician, or other health professional. Consequently, the Author cannot accept responsibility for any individual who misuses the information contained in this material. Thus, the reader is solely responsible for all of the health information contained herein. However, every effort is made to ensure that the information in this material is accurate; but, the Author is not liable for any errors in content or presentation, which may appear herein

--()--

Introduction

Normal body temperature is a range, with variances by site and by age.

There are many types of thermometer which are suitable for measuring body temperature.

Carefully follow the manufacturer's instructions to obtain an accurate reading. Temperature is typically expressed in degrees Fahrenheit (F) or Degrees Celsius (C).

The following information classifies normal temperature ranges by site and by age.

--()--

Little Bille

Normal Body Temperature Ranges by Site

Oral: 35.5 - 37.5 C 95.9 - 99.5 F **Axillary (armpit):** 34.7 - 37.3 C 94.5 - 99.1 F

Rectal: 36.6 - 38.0 C 97.9 - 100.4 F

--()--

Normal Body Temperature Ranges by Age

0 - 2 years	36.4 - 38.0 C	97.5 - 100.4 F
3 - 10 years	36.1 - 37.8 C	97.0 - 100.0 F
11 - 65 years	35.9 - 37.6 C	96.6 - 99.7 F
> 65 years	35.8 - 37.5 C	96.4 - 99.5 F

--()--

Elevated Temperature

What can cause an elevated temperature?

Elevated temperature/fever can be caused by:

- Infection is the most common cause of elevated temperature. Infections may affect the whole body or be localised to a specific part or area.
- Chemical medicines, such as antibiotics, narcotics, barbiturates, antihistamines, and many
 others may cause an elevated temperature. Some chemical medicines, such as antibiotics
 raise body temperature as part of their action; other medicines impede the body's natural
 ability adjust its temperature when other situations cause a temperature increase.
- Trauma or injury, including heart attack, stroke, heat exhaustion, heatstroke, burns, etc.
- Disease such as arthritis, hyperthyroidism, and cancers, such as leukaemia, Hodgkin's lymphoma, liver cancer, and lung cancer, etc.

In any case, elevated temperature indicates a problem that should be addressed.

End

--()--

http://campbellmgold.com

02062010/1